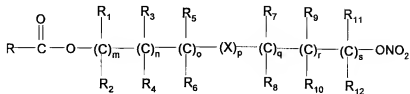


I. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of general formula (A)



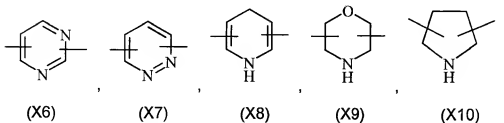
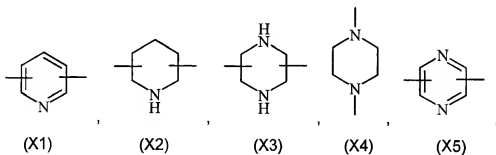
(A)

wherein R₁-R₁₂ are the same or different and independently are hydrogen, straight or branched C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted with aryl;

m, n, o, q, r and s are each independently an integer from 0 to 6, and p is 0 or 1, and

X is O, S, SO, SO₂, NR₁₃ or PR₁₃, in which R₁₃ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, or X is selected from the group consisting of:

- saturated or unsaturated C₅-C₇ cycloalkylene, optionally substituted with one or more straight or branched C₁-C₃ alkyl groups;
- arylene, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, straight or branched alkyl groups containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a straight or branched C₁-C₃ perfluoroalkyl;
- a 5 or 6 member saturated, unsaturated, or aromatic heterocyclic ring selected from





(X11)

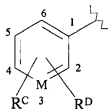


(X12)

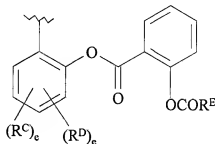


(X13)

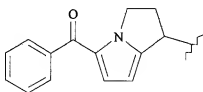
and R is the radical of a pharmacologically active compound selected from the formulae (I)-(XXXI) listed in the specification or group consisting of:



(I)



(II)



(III)

wherein M is a carbon or nitrogen atom;

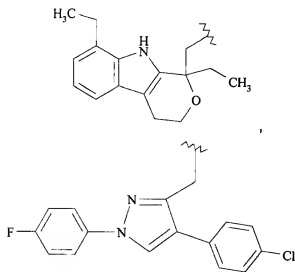
R^C is selected from: H, OH, NH₂, R^ECONH-, R^ECOO-, an heterocyclic residue with 5 or 6 atoms that may be aromatic, saturated or unsaturated, containing one or more heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, and phenylamino (PhNH-), in which the aromatic ring may be substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, straight or branched C₁-C₄-alkyl and straight or if

possible branched perfluoroalkyl;

e is 0 or 1;

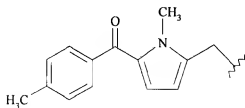
R^E is selected from the group consisting of straight or branched C₁-C₅-alkyl, phenyl substituted with OCOR^F, wherein R^F is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl or straight or branched C₃-C₆-alkyl or phenyl;

R^D is selected from: H, OH, halogen, -NH₂, straight or branched C₁-C₆-alkoxy, perfluoroalkyl having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms and mono or di-(C₁-C₆)alkylamino; with the proviso that R^C and R^D cannot both be H;

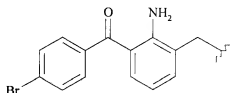


(IV)

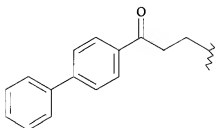
(V)



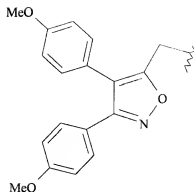
(VI)



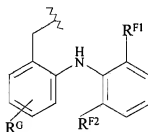
(VII)



(VIII)

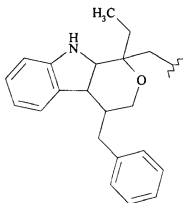


(IX)

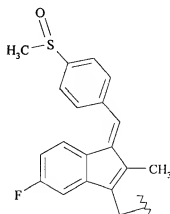


(X)

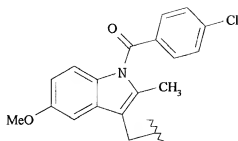
wherein R^{F1} and R^{F2} are halogens selected from chlorine, fluorine or bromine, R^G is hydrogen, straight or branched C_1 - C_8 -alkyl;



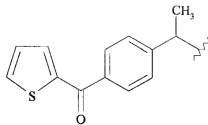
(XI)



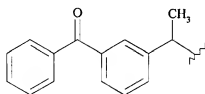
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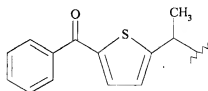
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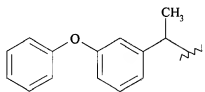
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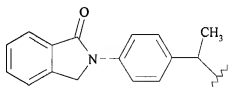
(XV)



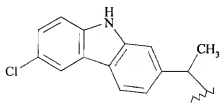
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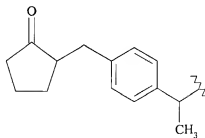
(XVII)



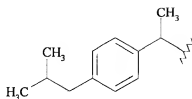
(XVIII)



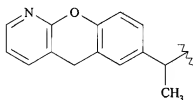
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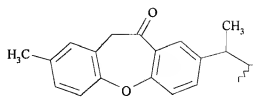
(XXI)



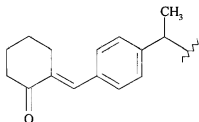
(XXII)



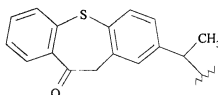
(XXIII)



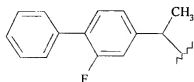
(XXIV)



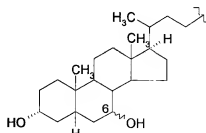
(XXV)



(XXVI)

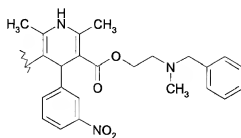


(XXVII)

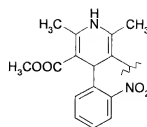


(XXVIII)

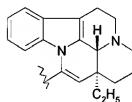
wherein the bond at 6 position in formula (XXVIII) may be α or β ;



(XXIX)



(XXX)



(XXXI)

the ferulic acid radical of formula (XXXII),

wherein R is H, or a group R(CO), in which R is as above defined,

and wherein in all the formulae (I-XXXI) listed above, the wavy line represents the position wherein -COO- group is bound;

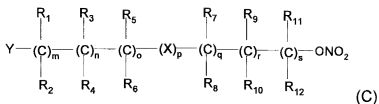
said process comprising reacting a compound of formula (B)



wherein R is as above defined and Z is hydrogen or a cation selected from

Li⁺, Na⁺, K⁺, Ca⁺⁺, Mg⁺⁺, tetralkylammonium, tetralkylphosphonium,

with a compound of formula (C)



wherein R_1 - R_{12} and m, n, o, p, q, r, s are as defined above and

Y is selected from

—a $Br, Cl, I;$

- $-BF_4, -SbF_6, FSO_3^-, R_A SO_3^-$, in which R_A is a straight or branched C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, or a C_4 - C_6 C_1 - C_6 alkylaryl;
- $R_B COO^-$, wherein R_B is straight or branched C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms or NO_2 groups, C_4 - C_{10} heteroaryl and containing one or more heteroatoms, which are the same or different, selected from nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur or phosphorus;
- aryloxy optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms or NO_2 groups, or heteroaryloxy.

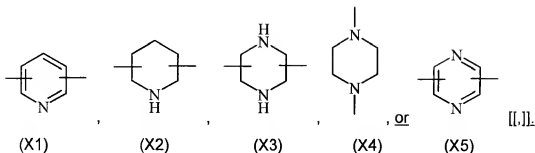
Claim 2. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 wherein:

the substituents R_1 - R_{12} are the same or different and independently are hydrogen or straight or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl,

m, n, o, p, q, r and s are as defined above,

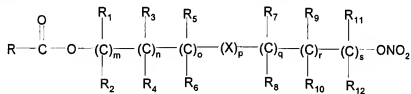
X is O, S or





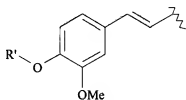
Claim 3. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 wherein R_1 - R_4 and R_7 - R_{10} are hydrogens[[.]]; m , n , q , and r [[.]] are 1[[.]]; o and s are 0[[.]]; p is 0 or 1[[.]]; and X is O or S.

Claim 4. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A)



(A)

according to claim 1 wherein R is the ferulic acid radical of formula (XXXII):



(XXXII)

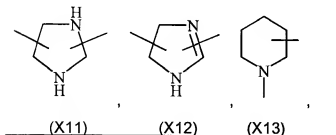
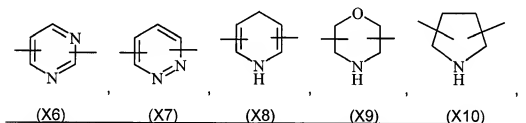
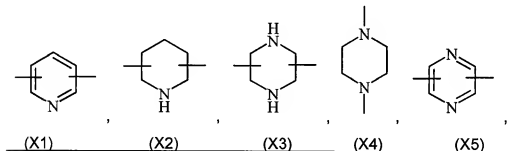
as reported in the specification, wherein R' is H, or a group $R(CO)-$, in which R is as above identified; the radical of a pharmacologically active compound selected from the formulae (I)-(XXXI) listed in the specification and wherein the wavy line represents the position wherein a $-COO$ group is bound; R_1 - R_{12} are the same or different and independently are hydrogen, straight or branched C_1 - C_8 alkyl, optionally substituted with aryl;

m, n, o, q, r and s are each independently an integer from 0 to 6, and p is 0 or 1, and X is O, S, SO, SO₂, NR₁₃ or PR₁₃, in which R₁₃ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, or X is selected from the group consisting of:

- saturated or unsaturated C₅-C₇ cycloalkylene, optionally substituted with one or more straight or branched C₁-C₃ alkyl groups;

- arylene, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, straight or branched alkyl groups containing from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a straight or branched C₁-C₃ perfluoroalkyl;

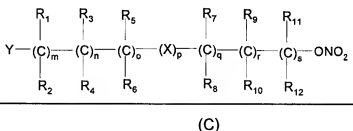
- a 5 or 6 member saturated, unsaturated, or aromatic heterocyclic ring selected from



said process comprising reacting a compound of formula (B):



wherein R is as above defined and Z is hydrogen or a cation selected from Li⁺, Na⁺, K⁺, Ca⁺⁺, Mg⁺⁺, tetralkylammonium, tetralkylphosphonium, with a compound of formula (C):



wherein R₁-R₁₂ and m,n,o,p,q,r,s are as defined above and Y is selected from

-Br, Cl or I;

-BF₄⁻, -SbF₆⁻, FSO₃⁻, R_ASO₃⁻, in which R_A is a straight or branched C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms, or a C₁-C₆ alkylaryl;

R_BCOO⁻, wherein R_B is straight or branched C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms or NO₂ groups, C₄-C₁₀ heteroaryl and containing one or more heteroatoms, which are the same or different, selected from nitrogen, oxygen sulfur and phosphorus;

aryloxy optionally substituted with one or more halogen atoms or NO₂ groups, or heteroaryloxy.

Claim 5. (Canceled)

Claim 6. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 or 4, wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of Br, Cl, I, -BF₄⁻, -SbF₆⁻, ClO₄⁻, FSO₃⁻, CF₃SO₃⁻, C₂F₅SO₃⁻, C₃F₇SO₃⁻, C₄F₉SO₃⁻, p-CH₃C₆H₄SO₃⁻.

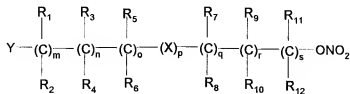
Claim 7. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 or 4, wherein the reaction is performed in an organic solvent selected from acetone, tetrahydrofuran, dimethylformamide, N-methylpyrrolidone, sulfolane and acetonitrile.

Claim 8. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to ~~anyone of the~~ claim 1 or 4, wherein the reaction is performed in a biphasic system comprising an aprotic dipolar solvent selected from toluene, chlorobenzene, nitrobenzene, tert-butyl-methylether and a water solution wherein the organic solution contains (C) and the water solution contain an alkaline metal salt of (B), in presence of a phase transfer catalyst.

Claim 9. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to to claim 1 or 4, wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

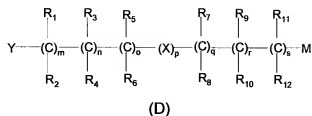
Claim 10. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 1 wherein the compounds of formula B and C are reacted at a (B)/(C) molar ratio of 2-0.5.

Claim 11. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)



(C)

wherein R₁, R₁₂, m, n, o, p, q, r, s, X, Y are as defined in claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of the following formula (D)



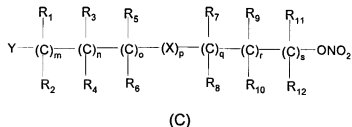
wherein M is OH and the other substituents and indices are as above defined, with a nitrating agent.

Claim 12. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)[I.], according to claim 11 wherein the nitrating agent is sulfonitric mixture.

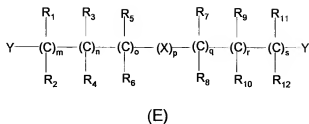
Claim 13. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)[I.], according to claim 11 wherein the compound (D) and the nitrating agent are at molar ratio of 2-0.5.

Claim 14. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)[I.], according to claim 11 wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

Claim 15. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)



wherein R_1, R_{12} , m, n, o, p, q, r, s, X, Y are as defined in claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of the following formula (E),



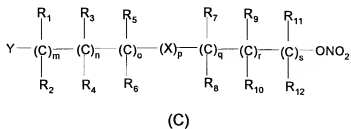
wherein R_1 - R_{12} , m , n , o , p , q , r , s , X , Y are as defined above with a nitrating agent.

Claim 16. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)[I.]₁ according to claim 15₁ wherein the nitrating agent is selected from alkaline metal nitrates, quaternary ammonium nitrates, quaternary phosphonium nitrates, $AgNO_3$, $Zn(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$.

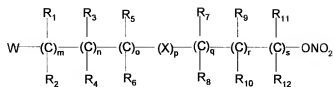
Claim 17. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)[I.]₁ according to claim 15₁ wherein the compound of formula (E) and the nitrating agent are at molar ratio of 20:2.

Claim 18. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)[I.]₁ according to claim 15₁ wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

Claim 19. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)



wherein R_1 - R_{12} , m , n , o , p , q , r , s , X , Y are as defined in claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of the following formula (F),



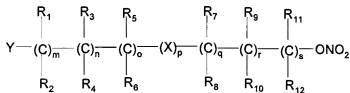
(F)

wherein R₁.R₁₂, m, n, o, p, q, r, s, X, are as defined above, W is OH or halogen, with a compound selected from alkanoylsulfonylchloride and trifluoromethansulfonic anhydride when W is OH or with AgSbF₆, AgBF₄, AgClO₄, CF₃SO₃Ag, AgSO₃CH₃, CH₃C₆H₄SO₃Ag when W is halogen.

Claim 20. (Original) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C) according to claim 19 wherein the compound (F) and the nitrating agent are at molar ratio of 2:0.5.

Claim 21. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula (C)[[.]], according to claim 19₁ wherein the reaction is performed at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 100°C.

Claim 22. (Previously Presented) A compound of formula (C)



(C)

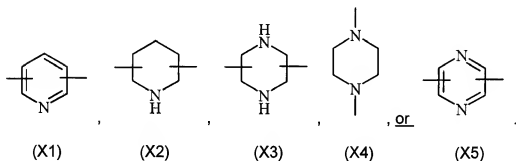
wherein R₁.R₁₂, m, n, o, p, q, r, s, X, Y are as defined in claim 1 with the proviso that Y is not halogen.

Claim 23. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing carboxylic acid nitrooxyalkyl derivatives of formula (A) of claim 19, comprising using Use of nitrooxyalkyl derivatives of general formula (C) according to claim 20 as intermediates for preparing carboxylic acid nitrooxyalkyl esters of formula (A).

Claim 24. (New) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 4, wherein R_1 - R_{12} are the same or different and independently are hydrogen or a straight or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl,

m, n, o, p, q, r and s are as defined above,

X is O, S or



Claim 25. (New) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 4, wherein R_1 - R_4 and R_7 - R_{10} are hydrogens; m, n, q and r are 1; o and s are 0; p is 0 or 1; and X is O or S.

Claim 26. (New) A process for preparing a compound of formula (A) according to claim 4, wherein in the compound of formula (B), Y is Br.